## Draft of Revised Claims 11 and 57 U.S. Application No. 09/472,558 to Bahramian et al. 2498/101

- 11. (currently amended) A method for muting expression of an endogenous gene in a cultured population of animal cells, the method comprising:
- (a) <u>screening to identify[ying]</u> a muting nucleic acid composition having a sequence that is homologous to a sequence in the endogenous gene, the nucleic acid being double stranded [or having the capacity to become double stranded upon delivery to the population of cells], wherein <u>screening to identify[ing]</u> comprises the steps of:
  - (i) designating the entire gene sequence as a potential muting nucleic acid composition;
- (ii) identifying <u>a first sequence</u> [muting-fragments] of the nucleic acid composition homologous to portions of the endogenous gene <u>that mutes at the level of post-transcription;</u>
- (iii) optionally identifying a second sequence that mutes at the level of transcription, wherein both sequences may be part of a single nucleic acid composition;
- (b) delivering [the] a muting sequence of the nucleic acid composition into the population of cells; and
- (c) muting expression of the endogenous gene [wherein muting comprises muting at the level of post transcription in the population as a whole, and] wherein such muting is independent of integration[,] or expression[, or transcription] of the delivered nucleic acid.

- 57. (currently amended) A method for muting expression of an endogenous gene in a cultured population of animal cells, the method comprising:
- (a) <u>screening to</u> identify[<u>ying</u>] a muting nucleic acid composition having a sequence that is homologous to a sequence in the endogenous gene, wherein the gene is one of a collagen, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), *tat*, and an immunoglobulin gene, the nucleic acid being double stranded [or having the capacity to become double stranded upon delivery to the population of cells], wherein <u>screening to</u> identify[<u>ing</u>] comprises the steps of:
  - (i) designating the entire gene sequence as a potential muting nucleic acid composition;
- (ii) identifying a first sequence [muting fragments] of the nucleic acid composition homologous to portions of the endogenous gene that mutes at the level of post-transcription;
- (iii) optionally identifying a second sequence that mutes at the level of transcription, wherein both sequences may be part of a single nucleic acid composition;
- (b) delivering [the] a muting sequence of the nucleic acid composition into the population of cells; and
- (c) muting expression of the endogenous gene [wherein muting comprises muting at the level of post transcription in the population as a whole, and] wherein such muting is independent of integration[,] or expression[, or transcription] of the delivered nucleic acid.

261760v.I